ANDHRA PRADESH SOCIO-ECONOMIC SURVEY 2025–26

Before You Begin

The questions given below are **some of the questions asked in recent APPSC examinations** from the **Andhra Pradesh Socio-Economic Survey**. They are included to help you understand the **pattern, depth, and nature of questions** being asked by APPSC.

After carefully analyzing multiple APPSC question papers over the last few years, we have prepared this **AP Socio-Economic Survey Analysis** exclusively for competitive examinations. Every chapter has been compiled in a comprehensive and exam-oriented manner, incorporating important facts, government schemes, programmes, reports, data, trends, and probable areas from which APPSC is likely to frame questions.

We strongly recommend that you thoroughly study the Survey Notes before attempting these MCQs. A clear understanding of the concepts, facts, and analytical points covered in this book will enable you to approach the questions with confidence and significantly improve your accuracy.

Our objective has been to provide a **comprehensive, structured, and exam-focused resource**, so that after completing this material, you will be well prepared to answer almost every question that APPSC is likely to ask from the Andhra Pradesh Socio-Economic Survey.

CARPE DIEM IAS

97. How many Sutralu (Guiding Principles) were proposed to help achieve the goals of Swarna Andhra Vision 2047 ?

(1) Only 5
(2) Only 9
(3) Only 10
(4) Only 7

స్వర్ణ ఆంధ్రవిజన్ 2047 లక్ష్యాలను సాధించడంలో సహాయపడటానికి ఎన్ని సూత్రాలు (మార్గదర్శక సూత్రాలు) ప్రతిపాదించబడ్డాయి ?

(1) కేవలం 5
(2) కేవలం 9
(3) కేవలం 10
(4) కేవలం 7

98. What is the primary economic target set for Andhra Pradesh under the Swarna Andhra @ 2047 vision by the year 2047 ?

(1) Rs. 308 Lakh crore economy
(2) Rs. 100 Lakh crore economy
(3) Rs. 500 Lakh crore economy
(4) Rs. 200 Lakh crore economy

స్వర్ణ ఆంధ్ర @ 2047 విజన్ కింద 2047 సంవత్సరం నాటికి ఆంధ్రప్రదేశ్‌కు నిర్దేశించిన ప్రధాన ఆర్థిక లక్ష్యం ఏమిటి ?

(1) రూ. 308 లక్షల కోట్ల ఆర్థిక వ్యవస్థ
(2) రూ. 100 లక్షల కోట్ల ఆర్థిక వ్యవస్థ
(3) రూ. 500 లక్షల కోట్ల ఆర్థిక వ్యవస్థ
(4) రూ. 200 లక్షల కోట్ల ఆర్థిక వ్యవస్థ

Correct Marks : 1 Wrong Marks : 0.33

What is the per capita income of Andhra Pradesh as per the Ministry of Statistics & Programme Implementation data in 2022-23?

Options :

1. ✖ ₹1.9 lakh
2. ✔ ₹2.2 lakh
3. ✖ ₹2.5 lakh
4. ✖ ₹3 lakh

Question Number : 45 Question Id : 6306801069687 Question Type : MCQ

Correct Marks : 1 Wrong Marks : 0.33

What is the growth rate recorded in the service sector in Andhra Pradesh in 2022-23 as per the Socio-Economic Survey of Andhra Pradesh 2022-23?

Options :

1. ✖ 5%
2. ✔ 10%
3. ✖ 15%
4. ✖ 20%

Question Number : 45 Question Id : 6306801069687 Question Type : MCQ

Correct Marks : 1 Wrong Marks : 0.33

ఆంధ్రప్రదేశ్ సామాజిక-ఆర్థిక సర్వే 2022-23 ప్రకారం 2022-23లో ఆంధ్రప్రదేశ్‌లో సేవా రంగంలో వృద్ధి రేటు ఎంత నమోదైంది?

Options :

1. ✖ 5%
2. ✔ 10%
3. ✖ 15%
4. ✖ 20%

Question Number : 46 Question Id : 6306801069720 Question Type : MCQ

Correct Marks : 1 Wrong Marks : 0.33

What is the growth rate in the per capita income of Andhra Pradesh in 2022-23 over 2021-22 as per the Union Ministry of Statistics & Programme Implementation?

Options :

1. ✖ 11.75%
2. ✖ 12.95%
3. ✔ 13.98%
4. ✖ 14.65%

Andhra Pradesh's revenue deficit for 2023-24 is what percentage of the State's Gross State Domestic Product (GSDP) for 2023-24 as per the AP Budget for the FY 2023-24?

Options :

1. ✖ 1%
2. ✔ 1.5%
3. ✖ 2%
4. ✖ 2.5%

Correct Marks : 1 Wrong Marks : 0.33

Which of the following is the nodal agency for the computerisation of the Primary Agricultural Cooperative Credit Societies (PACCS) in Andhra Pradesh?

Options :

1. ✖ National Bank for Agriculture and Rural Development (NABARD)
2. ✔ Andhra Pradesh State Cooperative Bank (APCOB)
3. ✖ District Cooperative Central Banks
4. ✖ State Bank of India

Which of the following horticulture crops is cultivated in the least area in Andhra Pradesh as per the 2022-23 Socio-Economic Survey of Andhra Pradesh?

Options :

1. ✖ Vegetables
2. ✖ Spices
3. ✖ Plantation crops
4. ✔ Medicinal and aromatic plants

Correct Marks : 1 Wrong Marks : 0.33

Which of the following statements regarding Rabi crops in Andhra Pradesh is/are correct with reference to Andhra Pradesh Socio-Economic Survey of 2022-23?

1. The area under paddy in Rabi season shows a decrease in 2022-23 compared to that in 2021-22.
2. The production of paddy in Rabi season shows a positive increase in 2022-23 compared to that in 2021-22.

Options :

1. ✖ Only 1
2. ✔ Only 2
3. ✖ Both 1 and 2
4. ✖ Neither 1 nor 2

Chapter 1: General Overview & Allied Sectors

1. Consider the following statements regarding the geographic and demographic profile of Andhra Pradesh:

1. AP has the 3rd longest coastline in India, measuring 1,053.07 km.
2. The population density of AP (304 persons per sq km) is higher than the national average (382 persons per sq km).
3. The sex ratio of AP improved from 983 in 2001 to 997 in 2011, which is significantly better than the national average of 943.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

A) 1 only

B) 1 and 3 only

C) 2 and 3 only

D) 1, 2, and 3

Answer: B

Explanation: Statement 1 and 3 are correct. Statement 2 is *incorrect* because AP's population density (304) is *notably lower* than the national average (382).

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2. Following the district reorganisation in 2025, which of the following demographic extremes in Andhra Pradesh is correctly matched?

A) Highest Population Density: SPSR Nellore

B) Lowest Urbanisation: Alluri Sitarama Raju

C) Highest Sex Ratio: Polavaram (1,051)

D) Lowest Literacy: Markapuram

Answer: C

Explanation: Polavaram has the highest sex ratio (1,051). *Corrections:* Highest Population Density is Visakhapatnam (1,870); Lowest Urbanisation is Polavaram (2.84%); Lowest Literacy is Alluri Sitarama Raju (44.67%).

3. Regarding the land utilisation pattern in Andhra Pradesh, which category constitutes the largest share of the state's geographical area?

A) Forests (22.63%)

B) Net Area Sown (36.29%)

C) Current Fallow Land (14.60%)

D) Non-Agricultural Uses (12.89%)

Answer: B

Explanation: Net Area Sown is the largest land use category in the state, accounting for 59.14 lakh hectares or 36.29% of the total area.

4. The "Swarna Andhra @2047" vision is anchored on ten guiding principles known as "Padi Sutralu". Which of the following is NOT one of these ten principles?

A) Water Security

B) Agri-Tech

C) Universal Basic Income

D) Deep Technology Adoption

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Answer: C

Explanation: Universal Basic Income is not listed among the Padi Sutralu. The 10 principles are: Poverty Elimination, Population & Human Resource Development, Skill Development, Water Security, Agri-Tech, Logistics, Energy Efficiency, Product Quality, Environmental Cleanliness, and Deep Technology Adoption.

5. With reference to the Macro Economic Aggregates (2025–26 First Advance Estimates), consider the following statements:

1. The Services sector recorded the highest growth rate among the three broad sectors at 10.67%.
2. Within the Agriculture sector, Horticulture recorded the highest growth rate.
3. Within the Industry sector, Construction is the primary growth driver.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

A) 1 only

B) 1 and 3 only

C) 2 and 3 only

D) 1, 2, and 3

Answer: B

Explanation: Statement 2 is *incorrect*. Within the Agriculture sector, *Fishing & Aquaculture* leads with 17.69% growth, followed by Horticulture (8.26%). Statements 1 and 3 are correct.

6. According to the First Advance Estimates for 2025–26, how does Andhra Pradesh's Per Capita Income (PCI) compare to the national average?

A) AP PCI is ₹2,19,575, which is lower than the National Average of ₹2,94,507.

B) AP PCI is ₹2,94,507, which is substantially higher than the National Average of ₹2,19,575.

C) AP PCI is exactly equal to the National Average at ₹2,50,000.

D) AP PCI is ₹3,10,000, but its growth rate is lower than the national average.

Answer: B

Explanation: AP's Per Capita Income is ₹2,94,507, which is substantially higher than the All India PCI of ₹2,19,575.

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7. Consider the following statements regarding Animal Husbandry in Andhra Pradesh:

1. AP ranks 1st in India in Egg production.
2. AP ranks 4th in India in Meat production.
3. AP ranks 7th in India in Milk production.

Which of the statements given above are correct?

A) 1 and 2 only

B) 2 and 3 only

C) 1 and 3 only

D) 1, 2, and 3

Answer: D

Explanation: All statements are correct. AP ranks 1st in Eggs (2,739 crore), 4th in Meat (11.37 lakh MT), and 7th in Milk (139.46 lakh MT).

8. Which of the following statements about the "Crop Cultivator Rights Act, 2019" in Andhra Pradesh is correct?

A) It transfers land ownership rights to tenant farmers permanently.

B) Crop Cultivator Rights Cards (CCRCs) are issued for a period of 5 years.

C) It enables tenant farmers to avail bank finance and crop insurance without affecting the landlord's ownership rights.

D) It is applicable only to farmers owning less than 2 acres of land.

Answer: C

Explanation: The Act provides bank credit, crop insurance, and government benefits to tenant farmers *without affecting the land ownership rights of the landlord*. CCRCs are issued for a period of *11 months*.

9. Andhra Pradesh holds a distinct national position in certain allied sectors. Identify the correct pair(s):

1. Horticulture: 1st largest fruit producer in India (15.6% national share).
2. Fisheries: Produces nearly 29% of India's total fish production.
3. Sericulture: 1st largest producer of raw silk in India.

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Select the correct answer using the code below:

A) 1 and 2 only

B) 2 and 3 only

C) 1 and 3 only

D) 1, 2, and 3

Answer: A

Explanation: Statement 3 is *incorrect*. AP is the *2nd* largest producer of raw silk in India, not the 1st. Statements 1 and 2 are correct.

10. The Visakhapatnam–Chennai Industrial Corridor (VCIC) is a major infrastructure initiative in Andhra Pradesh. It is supported by financial assistance from which of the following institutions?

A) World Bank

B) Asian Development Bank (ADB)

C) Japan International Cooperation Agency (JICA)

D) New Development Bank (NDB)

Answer: B

Explanation: The VCIC is supported by the Asian Development Bank (ADB) with financial assistance of USD 840 million. (Note: JICA supports APILIP-II, and World Bank supported APIIATP).

11. Consider the following statements regarding the Polavaram Irrigation Project (as of December 2025):

1. The overall project stands at over 60% completion.
2. Post-completion, it will divert 80 TMC of Godavari water to the Krishna Basin.
3. It will generate 960 MW of hydropower.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct? A) 1 and 2 only B) 2 and 3 only C) 1 and 3 only D) 1, 2, and 3

Answer: D

Explanation: All statements are correct. Overall progress is 60.8%. It will provide irrigation to 7.20 lakh acres, generate 960 MW of hydropower, and divert 80 TMC of Godavari water to the Krishna Basin.

12. Regarding the power sector in Andhra Pradesh, what is the current Transmission & Distribution (T&D) loss percentage, and what is the targeted hydrogen production cost under the Green Hydrogen Valley initiative?

A) T&D Loss: 12.5%; Hydrogen Cost: ₹200–220 per kg

B) T&D Loss: 9.25%; Hydrogen Cost: ₹160–170 per kg

C) T&D Loss: 15.0%; Hydrogen Cost: ₹100–120 per kg

D) T&D Loss: 8.50%; Hydrogen Cost: ₹180–190 per kg

Answer: B

Explanation: T&D losses are currently at a highly efficient 9.25%. The Green Hydrogen Valley initiative targets a hydrogen production cost of ₹160–170 per kg.

13. Which beach in Andhra Pradesh has been awarded the prestigious "Blue Flag" certification?

A) Mangamaripeta Beach

B) Suryalanka Beach

C) Rushikonda Beach

D) Yarada Beach

Answer: C

Explanation: Rushikonda Beach has been awarded the prestigious Blue Flag certification.

14. The Credit-Deposit (CD) Ratio is a key indicator of financial inclusion and credit flow. What is the current CD ratio of Andhra Pradesh?

A) 98.5%

B) 125.4%

C) 157.4%

D) 185.2%

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Answer: C

Explanation: The state's CD ratio is a robust 157.4%, with several districts exceeding 200%, indicating very strong credit flow.

15. The "Talliki Vandanam" welfare scheme provides financial assistance to mothers. What is the amount and frequency of this assistance?

A) ₹10,000 per child per year

B) ₹15,000 per child per year

C) ₹20,000 per family per year

D) ₹5,000 per month per child

Answer: B

Explanation: Talliki Vandanam provides ₹15,000 per child per year to the mother for children studying in government or private schools.

16. Consider the following statements about the "Teaching at the Right Level" (TaRL) programme in Andhra Pradesh:

1. It aims to strengthen foundational learning among students.
2. Under this programme, Language skills improved from 21% to 47%, and Mathematics skills improved from 20% to 50%.
3. The programme covers over 36,000 schools and has benefited 9.2 lakh students. *Which of the statements given above is/are correct?* A) 1 and 2 only B) 2 and 3 only C) 1 and 3 only D) 1, 2, and 3

Answer: D

Explanation: All statements are factually correct as per the survey data regarding the TaRL initiative.

17. Regarding poverty metrics in Andhra Pradesh, consider the following:

1. The Multidimensional Poverty Index (MPI) score declined from 0.053 (2015–16) to 0.025 (2019–21).
2. The Headcount Poverty Ratio (2023) for AP is 6.06%, which is well below the national average of 14.96%.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

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A) 1 only

B) 2 only

C) Both 1 and 2

D) Neither 1 nor 2

Answer: C

Explanation: Both statements are correct. The MPI score declined by more than half, and the headcount poverty ratio is remarkably low compared to the national average.

18. The "Zero Poverty P4 Initiative" is a first-of-its-kind voluntary collaborative model. In this model, what do the terms "Margadarsis" and "Bangaru Kutumbam" refer to?

A) Margadarsis: Government officials; Bangaru Kutumbam: Corporate sponsors.

B) Margadarsis: Economically prosperous citizens guiding vulnerable families; Bangaru Kutumbam: Economically vulnerable families receiving support.

C) Margadarsis: SHG women; Bangaru Kutumbam: Out-of-school children.

D) Margadarsis: Tribal leaders; Bangaru Kutumbam: Urban slum dwellers.

Answer: B

Explanation: P4 stands for Public–Private–People Partnership. Margadarsis are economically prosperous citizens who voluntarily guide vulnerable families (Bangaru Kutumbam).

19. Under the MGNREGS during 2025–26, Andhra Pradesh ranked 3rd in India for employment generation. What is the approximate women's participation rate in this scheme in the state?

A) Less than 33%

B) Around 45%

C) More than 60%

D) Exactly 50%

Answer: C

Explanation: Women account for more than 60% of the workforce under MGNREGS in Andhra Pradesh, highlighting strong women's empowerment and participation.

20. "Mana Mitra" is an innovative governance platform in Andhra Pradesh. Which of the following statements about it is correct?

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A) It is a blockchain-based certificate verification system.

B) It is a WhatsApp-based governance platform currently offering 865 government services.

C) It is an AI-enabled unified search platform for government officials.

D) It is a climate intelligence and early warning ecosystem.

Answer: B

Explanation: Mana Mitra is Andhra Pradesh's WhatsApp-based governance platform, allowing citizens to access 865 government services through a familiar digital interface. (Option A is AP Digi Verify, Option C is RTGS Unified Search, Option D is AWARE 2.0).

21. The "AWARE 2.0" platform played a critical role during the management of which recent cyclones?

A) Fani and Amphan

B) Montha and Ditwa

C) Titli and Hudhud

D) Nivar and Burevi

Answer: B

Explanation: AWARE 2.0 (Andhra Pradesh Weather and Early Warning Research & Resilience Ecosystem) played a critical role during the management of cyclones Montha and Ditwa.

22. Consider the following statements regarding "AP Digi Verify":

1. It is a Blockchain-based certificate verification platform.
2. Over 9.85 crore certificate records have been integrated into the system.
3. Its primary objective is to prevent certificate fraud and eliminate manual verification delays.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

A) 1 and 2 only

B) 2 and 3 only

C) 1 and 3 only

D) 1, 2, and 3

Answer: D

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Explanation: All statements are correct. AP Digi Verify utilizes Blockchain technology to ensure tamper-proof authentication, and over 9.85 crore records are already integrated.

23. Andhra Pradesh has emerged as the top-performing state in India on which digital learning platform dedicated to the continuous capacity building of government employees?
A) SWAYAM B) iGOT Karmayogi C) DIKSHA D) NISHTHA

Answer: B

Explanation: AP is the top-performing state on the iGOT Karmayogi Digital Learning Platform, with over 1 crore enrolments and over 80 lakh course completions.